



# Guy Bergeron

Canada, Québec

## Pomp and circumstance (march no.1 (Op. 39)) Elgar, Edward

### About the artist

Guy Bergeron was born the 13th of October 1964 in Loretteville, Province of Quebec, Canada. He graduated in music: in 1990, 3rd cycle in composition at the Conservatoire de musique of Quebec; in 1986, collegial grade (DEC) in pop music, Cegep of Drummondville, and in 1984, collegial grade (DEC) in music, Cegep of Ste-Foy, with guitar as first instrument. He was also a student in jazz interpretation from 1992 until 1994 at the University of Montreal (electric guitar) and he studied computer-assisted music at the Musitechnic School in Montreal. He plays the guitar (classical, electric, acoustic, synthesizer), the banjo, the mandolin and the bass. He's been earning his living with music for more than 25 years, as a professional musician, a composer, an arranger and also as a studio engineer as he manages his own studio.

**Qualification:** Diplome d'étude collégial en musique.  
3e cycle en composition au conservatoire de musique de Québec.

**Associate:** SOCAN - IPI code of the artist : 206325403

**Artist page :** <https://www.free-scores.com/Download-PDF-Sheet-Music-guy-bergeron.htm>

### About the piece



**Title:** Pomp and circumstance [march no.1 (Op. 39)]

**Composer:** Elgar, Edward

**Arranger:** Bergeron, Guy

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**Publisher:** Bergeron, Guy

**Instrumentation:** violin, 2 flutes, 5 saxophones, 2 trumpets, 2 trombones, piano, upright bass

**Style:** Jazz

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## POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

(A) J = 126

(1901)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

VIOLIN

FLUTE 1

FLUTE 2

ALTO SAX. 1

ALTO SAX. 2

TENOR SAX. 1

TENOR SAX. 2

BARITONE SAX.

TRUMPET IN B $\flat$  1

TRUMPET IN B $\flat$  2

TROMBONE 1

TROMBONE 2

PIANO

ELECTRIC GUITAR

BASS GUITAR

DRUM SET

p

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Viol. 1  
Viol. 2  
Fl. 1  
Fl. 2  
A. Sax. 1  
A. Sax. 2  
T. Sax. 1  
T. Sax. 2  
B. Sax.  
B♭ Tpt. 1  
B♭ Tpt. 2  
Tbn. 1  
Tbn. 2  
PNO.  
E.GTR.  
BASS  
D. S.

Chord symbols:  $G^b$ ,  $D^{sus}$ ,  $G^b$ ,  $D^{sus}$ ,  $G^b$ ,  $D^{sus}$ ,  $G^b$ ,  $D^{sus}$ ,  $G^b$ ,  $C^{\sharp}min7(b5)$ ,  $CMAJ7$ ,  $Bmin7$ .

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Vln. 19  
 Fl. 1 19  
 Fl. 2 19  
 A. Sax. 1 *mp*  
 A. Sax. 2 *mp*  
 T. Sax. 1 *mp*  
 T. Sax. 2 *mp*  
 B. Sax. *mp*  
 B♭ Tpt. 1 19  
 B♭ Tpt. 2 *p*  
 Tbn. 1 *p*  
 Tbn. 2 *p*  
 PNO. 19  
 E.GTR. 19 *mp*  
 BASS *mp*  
 D. S. 19 *mp*

Chords:  $G^b$ ,  $C^\sharp \text{MIN}^7(b5)$ ,  $C \text{MAJ}^7$ ,  $B \text{MIN}^7$ ,  $A \text{MIN}^7$ ,  $/G$ ,  $F^\sharp \text{MIN}^7(b5)$ ,  $B^7(\sharp 9)$ ,  $B^7(\sharp 9)$ ,  $E \text{MIN}^9$ ,  $A^{13}$ ,  $D \text{MAJ}^9$ ,  $B \text{MIN}^9 B^b9(\sharp 11)$

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

5

Score for **POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE**, page 5. The score includes parts for Violin, Flutes, Saxophones, Trombones, Piano, Electric Guitar, Bass, and Drums. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score features various dynamics (mf, mp, p) and articulations (accents, slurs). The piece concludes with a Coda section marked with a circled 'C'.

**Instrument Parts:**

- Vln.**: Violin, starting at measure 25 with a *mf* dynamic.
- Fl. 1**: Flute 1, starting at measure 25.
- Fl. 2**: Flute 2, starting at measure 25.
- A. Sax. 1**: Alto Saxophone 1, starting at measure 25.
- A. Sax. 2**: Alto Saxophone 2, starting at measure 25.
- T. Sax. 1**: Tenor Saxophone 1, starting at measure 25.
- T. Sax. 2**: Tenor Saxophone 2, starting at measure 25.
- B. Sax.**: Baritone Saxophone, starting at measure 25.
- B♭ Tpt. 1**: B♭ Trumpet 1, starting at measure 25.
- B♭ Tpt. 2**: B♭ Trumpet 2, starting at measure 25.
- Tbn. 1**: Trombone 1, starting at measure 25.
- Tbn. 2**: Trombone 2, starting at measure 25.
- PNO.**: Piano, starting at measure 25.
- E.GTR.**: Electric Guitar, starting at measure 25.
- BASS**: Bass, starting at measure 25.
- D. S.**: Drums, starting at measure 25.

**Chord Progression (Piano/Electric Guitar):**

Measures 25-28: *mp*  $A_{MIN}^7$   $C/D$   $G_{MAJ}^7 D^{b9}$  *mf*

Measures 29-32: *mp*  $C_{MAJ}^9$   $D^9$   $/C$   $B_{MIN}^7$   $E_{MIN}^7$   $A_{MIN}^7$   $C/D$  *To Coda*

Measures 33-36: *mp*  $A_{MIN}^7$   $C/D$   $G_{MAJ}^7 D^{b9}$  *mf*  $C_{MAJ}^9$   $D^9$   $/C$   $B_{MIN}^7$   $E_{MIN}^7$   $A_{MIN}^7$   $C/D$  *To Coda*  $E^{b6}$   $A^b/B^b$

**Drum Part (D. S.):**

Measures 25-28: *mp* *mf* *mp*

Measures 29-32: *mp* *ride* *To Coda* *p*

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## POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

7

(D)

The score is for a piece titled "Pomp and Circumstance" in D major, marked with a circled 'D'. It features a full orchestral and chamber ensemble. The instruments and parts include:

- VIN.** (Violin): Measures 37-42, mostly rests.
- Fl. 1** and **Fl. 2** (Flutes): Measures 37-42, playing a melodic line starting at measure 40 with a *mf* dynamic.
- A. SX. 1** and **A. SX. 2** (Alto Saxophones): Measures 37-42, playing a rhythmic pattern.
- T. SX. 1** and **T. SX. 2** (Tenor Saxophones): Measures 37-42, playing a rhythmic pattern.
- B. SX.** (Baritone Saxophone): Measures 37-42, playing a rhythmic pattern.
- B♭ TPT. 1** and **B♭ TPT. 2** (B♭ Trumpets): Measures 37-42, playing a melodic line starting at measure 40 with a *f* dynamic.
- TBN. 1** and **TBN. 2** (Trombones): Measures 37-42, playing a melodic line starting at measure 40 with a *mf* dynamic.
- PNO.** (Piano): Measures 37-42, playing a rhythmic pattern.
- E.GTR.** (Electric Guitar): Measures 37-42, playing a rhythmic pattern.
- BASS**: Measures 37-42, playing a rhythmic pattern.
- D. S.** (Double Bass): Measures 37-42, playing a rhythmic pattern.

The piano accompaniment includes the following chord changes (measures 37-42):

- Measure 37:  $E^b$
- Measure 38:  $A^b/B^b$
- Measure 39:  $E^b$ ,  $A^{MIN}7(b5)$ ,  $A^bMAJ7$ ,  $G^{MIN}7$ ,  $F^{MIN}7$ ,  $/E^b$
- Measure 40:  $D^{MIN}7(b5)$ ,  $G^{7(b9)}$ ,  $G^{7(b9)}$ ,  $C^{MIN}9$ ,  $F^{13}$
- Measure 41:  $E^b$ ,  $A^{MIN}7(b5)$ ,  $A^bMAJ7$ ,  $G^{MIN}7$ ,  $F^{MIN}7$ ,  $/E^b$
- Measure 42:  $D^{MIN}7(b5)$ ,  $G^{7(b9)}$ ,  $G^{7(b9)}$ ,  $C^{MIN}9$ ,  $F^{13}$

The score includes dynamics such as *mf*, *f*, *mp*, and *p*.



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## 11

**D.S. Al Coda**

**Vln.** *61*

**Fl. 1** *61*

**Fl. 2** *61*

**Sx. 1**

**Sx. 2**

**Sx. 1**

**Sx. 2**

**B. Sx.** *mp*

**Trpt. 1** *61* *mf*

**Trpt. 2** *mf*

**Tbn. 1** *mf*

**Tbn. 2** *mf*

**PNO.** *61* *G<sup>b</sup>* *D<sup>9</sup>sus* *f*

**E.GTR.** *61* *G<sup>b</sup>* *D<sup>9</sup>sus*

**BASS** *G<sup>b</sup>* *D<sup>9</sup>sus*

**D. S.** *61*



VIOLIN

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

♩ = 126

**(A)** 5 *mf* *f*

**(B)** 8 8

**(C)** To CODA

**(D)** 7 *f*

**(E)** 8

**(F)**

9

27 *mf*

31 *p*

37

54 *mf*

58 *f*

65 *f*

68

**D.S. AL CODA**

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FLUTE 1

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

①  $\text{♩} = 126$  5

*mf* *f*

9

② *mf*

13

17

21

5 To CODA ③ 5 *f*

25

④ 3 *mf*

37

⑤ 2 5 *f* *mf*

43

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## POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

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FLUTE 2

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

①  $\text{♩} = 126$  5

*mf* *f*

② *mf*

9 13 17 21

5 To CODA ③ 5 *f*

④ 3 *mf*

⑤ 2 5 *f*

25 37 43

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52 *mf* *f* 3 (F)

58 *f* 3 3

61 2 D.S. AL CODA *mf*

65 *f* 3

68 3

Detailed description: The image shows a page of musical notation for the second movement of 'Pomp and Circumstance'. It consists of five staves of music. The first staff (measures 52-57) starts in B-flat major, marked *mf*, and features a triplet of eighth notes and a half note with an accent. The second staff (measures 58-60) continues in B-flat major, marked *f*, with triplet eighth notes. The third staff (measures 61-64) changes to D major, marked *mf*, and includes a '2' above the staff and a 'D.S. AL CODA' instruction. The fourth staff (measures 65-67) continues in D major, marked *f*, with triplet eighth notes. The fifth staff (measures 68-70) concludes in D major, marked *f*, with a triplet of eighth notes and a final cadence.

ALTO SAX. 1

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

♩ = 126

**(A)** 4 *mp* *mf* **(B)** 8

8

19 *mp*

23 4 To CODA

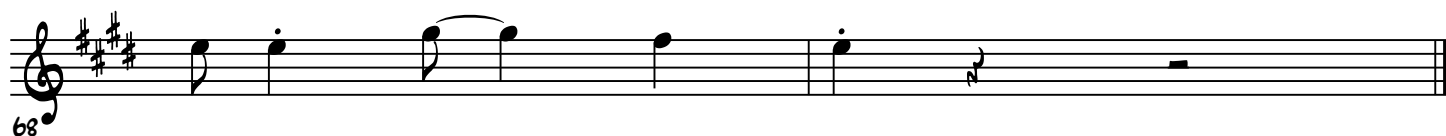
**(C)** 4 *mf* **(D)** 8 **(E)** *mf*

37

48

52 *mp* 3 *mf* **(F)** 3 *mf*

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ALTO SAX. 2

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

♩ = 126

**(A)** 4 *mp* *mf* **(B)** 8

8

19 *mp*

23 4 To CODA

**(C)** 4 *mf* **(D)** 8 **(E)** *mf*

37

48

52 *mp* 3 *mf* **(F)** 3 *mf*

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TENOR SAX. 1

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

(A)  $\text{♩} = 126$  2 *mp*

6 *mf*

(B) *f* 8 *mp*

10

21

25 4 To CODA (C) 4 *mf*

(D) 8

35

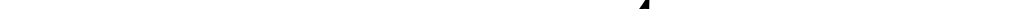
(E) *mf*

50 *mp* 3 *mf*

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59

Musical notation for measures 59-62. Measure 59: Treble clef, B-flat key signature, quarter note G4, quarter rest. Measure 60: Quarter note G4, quarter note A4, quarter note B4, quarter note C5. Measure 61: Quarter note B4, quarter note A4, quarter note G4, quarter note F4. Measure 62: Quarter note E4, quarter note D4, quarter note C4, quarter note B3. The piece ends with a double bar line and a key signature change to D major (two sharps).

61  D.S. AL CODA

The first system of the musical score is written on a single staff in treble clef. The key signature consists of three sharps (F#, C#, G#), and the time signature is common time (C). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto' and the dynamics are 'moderato' and 'mf'. The system contains three measures of music. The first measure begins with a half rest, followed by a quarter note G#4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4. The second measure begins with a half rest, followed by a quarter note G#4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4. The third measure begins with a half rest, followed by a quarter note G#4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4.

TENOR SAX. 2

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

(A)  $\text{♩} = 126$  2

*mp*

6 *mf*

(B)  $\text{♩} = 8$

10 *mp*

21

4 To CODA (C) 4

25 *mf*

(D) 8

35

(E) *mf*

50 *mp* *mf*

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2

## POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

54 **3** **F** *mf*

Musical staff 54-58 in B-flat major. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. A measure rest for 3 measures is marked with a '3' above it. This is followed by a double bar line and a circled 'F' above it. The melody starts at measure 54 with a half note B-flat, followed by a quarter note A, a quarter note G, and a half note F. Measure 55 has a half note E, a quarter note D, and a half note C. Measure 56 has a half note B, a quarter note A, and a half note G. Measure 57 has a half note F, a quarter note E, and a half note D. Measure 58 has a half note C, a quarter note B, and a half note A. The dynamic *mf* is written below the staff.

59

Musical staff 59-60. Measure 59 continues the melody from the previous staff. Measure 60 ends with a double bar line and a key signature change to B major (two sharps).

61 **4** **D.S. AL CODA**

Musical staff 61-64 in B major. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. A measure rest for 4 measures is marked with a '4' above it. The dynamic *mf* is written below the staff. The staff ends with a double bar line.

65 *mf*

Musical staff 65-67. Measure 65 starts with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The melody continues with a half note B, a quarter note A, and a half note G. Measure 66 has a half note F, a quarter note E, and a half note D. Measure 67 has a half note C, a quarter note B, and a half note A. The dynamic *mf* is written below the staff.

68

Musical staff 68-69. Measure 68 continues the melody. Measure 69 ends with a double bar line.

BARITONE SAX.

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

(A)  $\text{♩} = 126$

*mp*

5

*mf*

(B)  $\text{♩}$

7

19 *mp*

23  $\frac{4}{4}$  To CODA

(C) *mp*

34 *mf*

(D) 2

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43 **2** **(E)** *mf*

49 *mp* **3** **(F)** *mf*

53 *mf* *mp*

59 *mp*

62 **3** **D.S. AL CODA**

65 *mf*

68

Detailed description: This musical score is for the piece 'Pomp and Circumstance'. It is written for guitar and piano. The score is divided into systems. The first system (measures 43-48) features a guitar part with a double bar line and a key signature change to E major, indicated by a circled 'E'. The piano part begins with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The second system (measures 49-52) continues the piano part with a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic and a triplet of eighth notes. The third system (measures 53-58) features a guitar part with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and a key signature change to F major, indicated by a circled 'F'. The piano part continues with a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic. The fourth system (measures 59-61) shows the piano part with a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic. The fifth system (measures 62-64) features a guitar part with a key signature change to F# major, indicated by a key signature symbol, and a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The piano part continues with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The sixth system (measures 65-67) features a guitar part with a key signature change to G major, indicated by a key signature symbol, and a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The piano part continues with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The seventh system (measures 68-70) features a guitar part with a key signature change to A major, indicated by a key signature symbol, and a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The piano part continues with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The score concludes with a double bar line.

TRUMPET IN B $\flat$  1

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

①  $\text{♩} = 126$  6 *mf*

10 ② *mp*

14

18 6 *mf* *mp* 3 *mf*

27 3 To CODA ③ 4 *mf*

36 ④ *f*

40

44 ⑤ 7 *mf* 3

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3 (F)

54 *mf*

60 *mf* *mf* D.S. AL CODA

65 *mf*

The image shows a musical score for 'Pomp and Circumstance' on three staves. The first staff starts at measure 54 with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 3/4 time signature. It features a triplet of eighth notes (F, A, C) marked with a circled 'F' and a dynamic of 'mf'. The second staff starts at measure 60 with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It contains two measures of music, each marked with a dynamic of 'mf', followed by the instruction 'D.S. AL CODA'. The third staff starts at measure 65 with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It contains two measures of music, each marked with a dynamic of 'mf', and ends with a double bar line.

TRUMPET IN B $\flat$  2

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

①  $\text{♩} = 126$  6

10  $\text{mf}$  ②  $\text{mp}$

14

18  $\text{mf}$   $\text{p}$  5 3  $\text{mp}$

26  $\text{mf}$  3 To CODA ③ 4  $\text{mf}$

35 ④  $\text{mf}$

39

43 ⑤ 7

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## POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

**F**

53 *mf* 3 *mf*

60

*mf*

*mf*

D.S. AL CODA

65 *mf*

TROMBONE 1

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39

(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR

(1857-1934)

ARR.: GUY BERGERON

(A)

♩ = 126

5

*mp*

*mf*

(B)

*mp*

9

*mp*

13

17

*mf*

*p*

5

25

*mp*

*mf*

3

To CODA

(C)

4

34

*mf*

(D)

*mf*

42

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# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

2  
E

7

3

F

mf

mf

58

mf

62

mf

65

mf

D.S. AL CODA

## TROMBONE 2

## POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

(A)  $\text{♩} = 126$

5

$mp$   $<$   $mf$

(B)  $\text{♩}$

9

$mp$

13

17

$mf$   $>$   $p$

5

3 To CODA (C) 4

25

$mp$   $\text{a}$   $mf$

34

$mf$

(D)

$mf$

42

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# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

2  
E

7

3

F

*mf*

*mf*

58

*mf*

D.S. AL CODA

62

*mf*

65

*mf*

PIANO

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

①  $\text{♩} = 126$

6  $G^b$   $D^9_{\text{SUS}}$   $G^b$   $D^9_{\text{SUS}}$

$mf$

6  $G^b$   $D^9_{\text{SUS}}$   $G^b$   $D^9_{\text{SUS}}$

9  $G^b$   $D^9_{\text{SUS}}$   $G^b$   $D^9_{\text{SUS}}$  **②**  $G^b$   $C^{\#}_{\text{MIN}} 7(b5)$   $C_{\text{MAJ}} 7$   $B_{\text{MIN}} 7$

$f$

13  $A_{\text{MIN}} 7$   $/G$   $F^{\#}_{\text{MIN}} 7(b5)$   $B 7(\sharp 9)$   $E_{\text{MIN}} 9$   $A^{13}$   $D_{\text{MAJ}} 9$   $B_{\text{MIN}} 9$

17  $E_{\text{MIN}} 7$   $A 7$   $C/D$   $A^{b13}(\sharp 11)$   $G^b$   $C^{\#}_{\text{MIN}} 7(b5)$   $C_{\text{MAJ}} 7$   $B_{\text{MIN}} 7$

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21

A<sup>MIN</sup>7 /G F<sup>#MIN</sup>7(b5) B 7(b9) 7(b9) E<sup>MIN</sup>9 A<sup>13</sup> D<sup>MAJ</sup>9 B<sup>MIN</sup>9 B<sup>b9</sup>(#11)

25

A<sup>MIN</sup>7 C/D G<sup>MAJ</sup>7 D<sup>b9</sup> C<sup>MAJ</sup>9 D<sup>9</sup> /C B<sup>MIN</sup>7 E<sup>MIN</sup>7

*mp* *mf*

29

A<sup>MIN</sup>7 C/D To CODA (C)

2

2

34

E<sup>b6</sup> A<sup>b</sup>/B<sup>b</sup> E<sup>b6</sup> A<sup>b</sup>/B<sup>b</sup> E<sup>b6</sup> A<sup>b</sup>/B<sup>b</sup> E<sup>b6</sup> A<sup>b</sup>/B<sup>b</sup>

*mf*

(D) 8 (E) 8

A<sup>b</sup>MAJ<sup>9</sup> B<sup>b9</sup> /A<sup>b</sup> G<sup>MIN</sup>7 C<sup>MIN</sup>7 F<sup>MIN</sup>7 A<sup>b</sup>/B<sup>b</sup>

*mf*

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

3

(F)  $E^b6$   $B^b9_{SUS}$   $E^b6$   $B^b9_{SUS}$   $E^b6$   $B^b9_{SUS}$   $E^b6$   $B^b9_{SUS}$

The first system of music is in F major, 4/4 time. It consists of two staves. The treble staff has a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a common time signature (C). The bass staff has a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a common time signature (C). The music is marked with a forte (f) dynamic. The first four measures are:  $E^b6$  (F4),  $B^b9_{SUS}$  (Bb4),  $E^b6$  (F4), and  $B^b9_{SUS}$  (Bb4). The next four measures are:  $E^b6$  (F4),  $B^b9_{SUS}$  (Bb4),  $E^b6$  (F4), and  $B^b9_{SUS}$  (Bb4). The system ends with a double bar line.

$G^6$   $D^9_{SUS}$   $G^6$   $D^9_{SUS}$   $G^6$   $D^9_{SUS}$   $G^6$   $D^9_{SUS}$  D.S. AL CODA

The second system of music is in G major, 4/4 time. It consists of two staves. The treble staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The bass staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The music is marked with a forte (f) dynamic. The first four measures are:  $G^6$  (G4),  $D^9_{SUS}$  (D5),  $G^6$  (G4), and  $D^9_{SUS}$  (D5). The next four measures are:  $G^6$  (G4),  $D^9_{SUS}$  (D5),  $G^6$  (G4), and  $D^9_{SUS}$  (D5). The system ends with a double bar line and the instruction "D.S. AL CODA".

$G^6$   $D^9_{SUS}$   $G^6$   $D^9_{SUS}$   $G^6$   $D^9_{SUS}$   $G^6$   $D^9_{SUS}$   $D^{9(b13)}$   $D^{13(b9)}$

The third system of music is in G major, 4/4 time. It consists of two staves. The treble staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The bass staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The music is marked with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The first four measures are:  $G^6$  (G4),  $D^9_{SUS}$  (D5),  $G^6$  (G4), and  $D^9_{SUS}$  (D5). The next four measures are:  $G^6$  (G4),  $D^9_{SUS}$  (D5),  $G^6$  (G4), and  $D^9_{SUS}$  (D5). The system ends with a double bar line.

$G$

The fourth system of music is in G major, 4/4 time. It consists of two staves. The treble staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The bass staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The music is marked with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The first measure is:  $G$  (G4). The system ends with a double bar line.

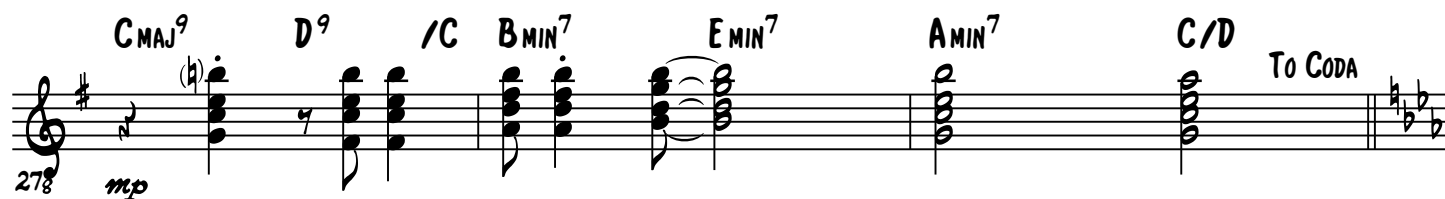
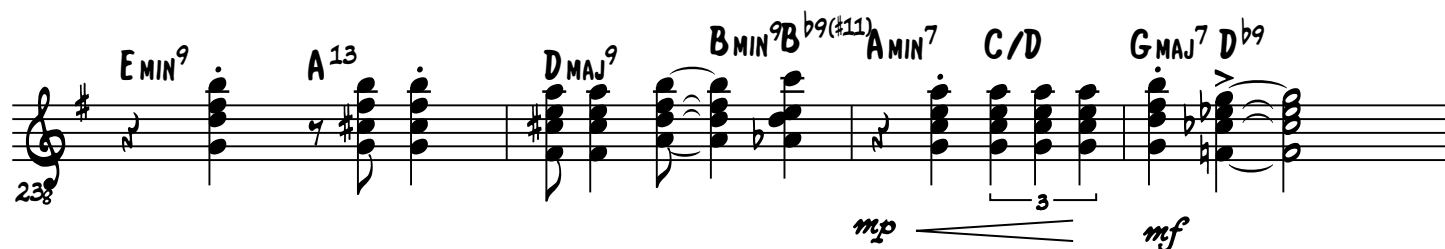
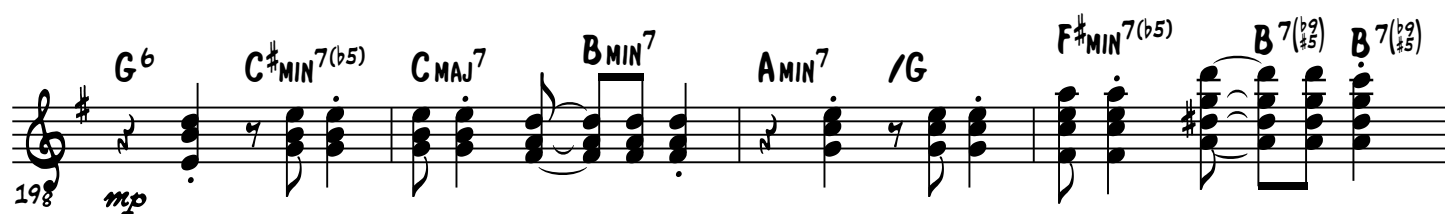
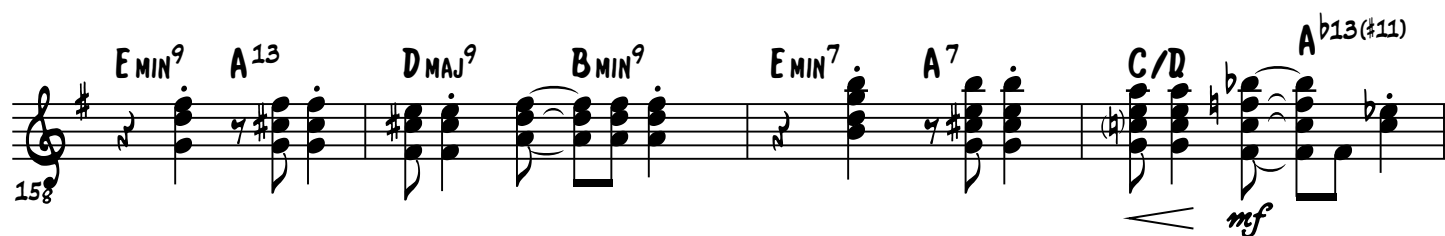
## ELECTRIC GUITAR

## POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

(A) ♩ = 126

6



guytberge@videotron.ca

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

2  
(C)

34

(D)

42

mf

(E)

49

mp

(F)

61

mf

(F)

66

D.S. AL CODA

(F)

71

mf

quytarebergeron@videotron.ca

BASS GUITAR

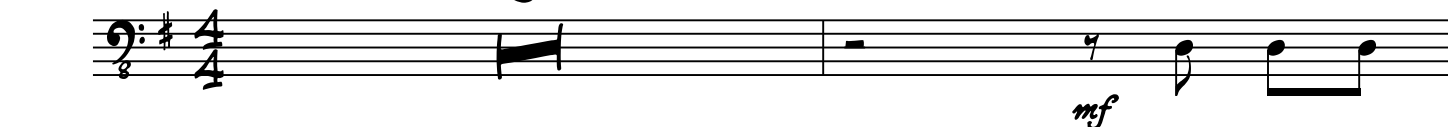
# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

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(1901)

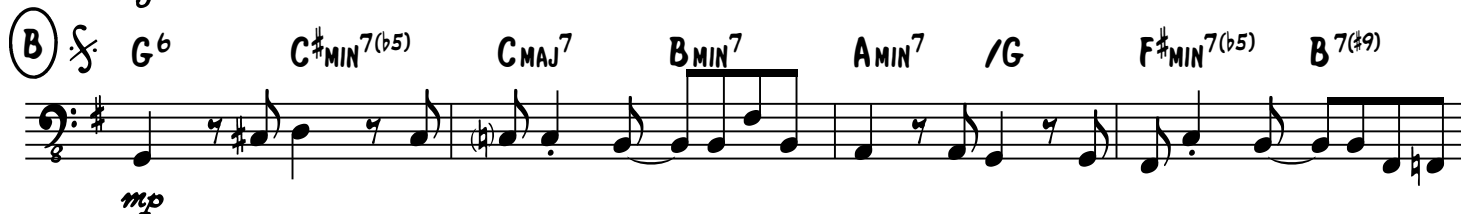
EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

(A) ♩ = 126

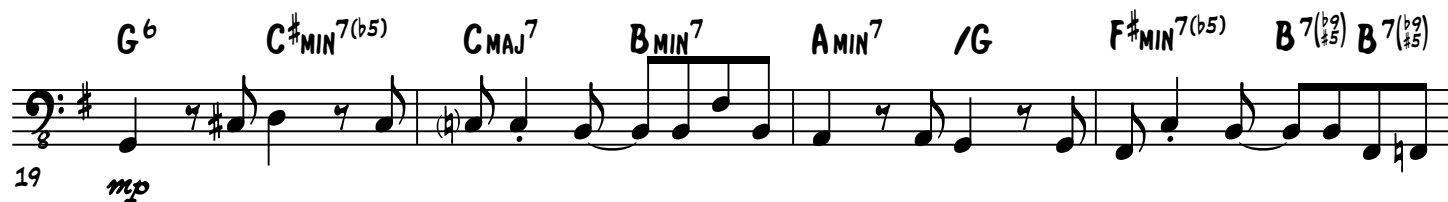
5



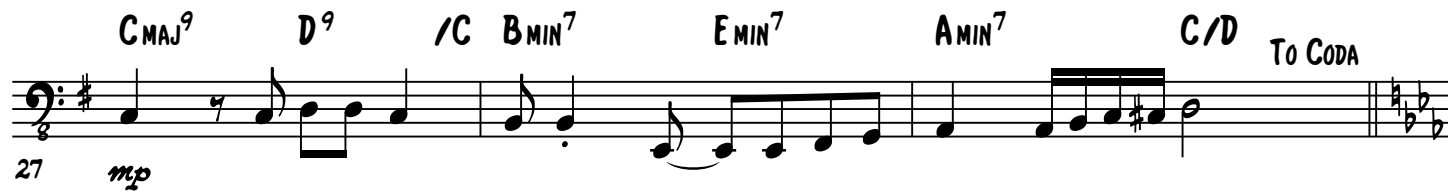
G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sub>SUS</sub> G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sub>SUS</sub> G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sub>SUS</sub> G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sub>SUS</sub>



E<sup>MIN</sup><sup>9</sup> A<sup>13</sup> D<sup>MAJ</sup><sup>9</sup> B<sup>MIN</sup><sup>9</sup> E<sup>MIN</sup><sup>7</sup> A<sup>7</sup> C/D A<sup>b13</sup>(#11)



E<sup>MIN</sup><sup>9</sup> A<sup>13</sup> D<sup>MAJ</sup><sup>9</sup> B<sup>MIN</sup><sup>9</sup> B<sup>b9</sup>(#11) A<sup>MIN</sup><sup>7</sup> C/D G<sup>MAJ</sup><sup>7</sup> D<sup>b9</sup>



4

## POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

E<sup>b</sup>6 A<sup>b</sup>/B<sup>b</sup> E<sup>b</sup>6 A<sup>b</sup>/B<sup>b</sup> E<sup>b</sup>6 A<sup>b</sup>/B<sup>b</sup> E<sup>b</sup>6 A<sup>b</sup>/B<sup>b</sup>

34 *mf* *mf*

(D) E<sup>b</sup>6 A<sup>MIN</sup>7(b5) A<sup>b</sup>MAJ<sup>7</sup> G<sup>MIN</sup>7 F<sup>MIN</sup>7 /E<sup>b</sup> D<sup>MIN</sup>7(b5) G<sup>7</sup>(#9) G<sup>7</sup>(b9)

*mp*

C<sup>MIN</sup>9 F<sup>13</sup> B<sup>b</sup>MAJ<sup>9</sup> G<sup>MIN</sup>9 C<sup>MIN</sup>7 F<sup>7</sup> A<sup>b</sup>/B<sup>b</sup> E<sup>13</sup>(#11)

42 *mf*

(E) 7 E<sup>b</sup>MAJ<sup>7</sup> A<sup>13</sup>(b5) A<sup>b</sup>MAJ<sup>9</sup> B<sup>b</sup>9 /A<sup>b</sup>

*mf* *mp*

G<sup>MIN</sup>7 C<sup>MIN</sup>7 F<sup>MIN</sup>7 A<sup>b</sup>/B<sup>b</sup> (F) E<sup>b</sup>6 B<sup>b</sup>9<sup>SUS</sup> E<sup>b</sup>6 B<sup>b</sup>9<sup>SUS</sup>

55 *mf*

E<sup>b</sup>6 B<sup>b</sup>9<sup>SUS</sup> E<sup>b</sup>6 B<sup>b</sup>9<sup>SUS</sup> G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sup>SUS</sup> G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sup>SUS</sup>

59

G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sup>SUS</sup> G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sup>SUS</sup> D.S. AL CODA

63

♩ G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sup>SUS</sup> G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sup>SUS</sup> G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sup>SUS</sup> G<sup>6</sup> D<sup>9</sup><sup>SUS</sup>(b13) D<sup>13</sup>(b9) G

65 *mf*

DRUM SET

# POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

MARCH NO.1, OPUS 39  
(1901)

EDWARD ELGAR  
(1857-1934)  
ARR.: GUY BERGERON

(A) ♩ = 126

Drum set score for 'Pomp and Circumstance' march. The score is written on a single staff with a 4/4 time signature and a tempo of 126 beats per minute. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The score is divided into sections A, B, and C. Section A starts at measure 1 and ends at measure 24. Section B starts at measure 25 and ends at measure 36. Section C starts at measure 37 and ends at measure 48. The score includes various drum notations such as quarter notes, eighth notes, and sixteenth notes, as well as rests and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from *p* (piano) to *mf* (mezzo-forte). The score also includes a 'To CODA' instruction at the end of section C.

5

9

13

17

21

25

(C)

To CODA

*p*

*mf*

*mp*

*p*

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2

## POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE

34 *mf* *p*

(D) *mp* *mf*

42

(E) *mp*

50 *pp* *mf*

54 *mp* RIDE

(F) *mf*

61 D.S. AL CODA

65 *mf*